

Safety Data Sheet

CX941 ADHESIVE

Revision date : 2013/01/11
Version: 3.0

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(30367681/SDS_GEN_CA/EN)

1. Product and Company Identification

Company
BASF Canada Inc.
100 Milverton Drive
Mississauga, ON L5R 4H1, CANADA

24 Hour Emergency Response Information
CANUTEC (reverse charges): (613) 996-6666
BASF HOTLINE: (800) 454-COPE (2673)

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency overview

SENSITIZER.
IRRITANT.
Irritating to eyes and skin.
May cause sensitization by inhalation.
May cause sensitization by skin contact.
CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER.

State of matter: liquid
Colour: clear
Odour: oily, mild

Potential health effects

Acute toxicity:

Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Irritation / corrosion:

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Sensitization:

Sensitization after skin contact possible. The substance may cause sensitization of the respiratory tract. Studies in animals suggest that dermal exposure may lead to pulmonary sensitization. However, the relevance of this result for humans is unclear.

Chronic toxicity:

Carcinogenicity: A carcinogenic effect cannot safely be ruled out.

Repeated dose toxicity: The substance may cause damage to the olfactory epithelium after repeated inhalation. These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure.

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Reproductive toxicity: No effects have been reported in reproductive organs in long term animal studies.

Teratogenicity: The substance did not cause malformations in animal studies; however, toxicity to development was observed at high doses that were toxic to the parental animals.

Genotoxicity: Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms, mammalian cell culture and mammals are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is mutagenic.

Signs and symptoms of overexposure:
skin irritation, Eye irritation, allergic symptoms

Potential environmental effects

Aquatic toxicity:
The product may hydrolyse. The test result maybe partially due to degradation products. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

| <u>CAS Number</u> | <u>Content (W/W)</u> | <u>Hazardous ingredients</u> |
|-------------------|----------------------|--|
| 14807-96-6 | 15.0 - 40.0 % | talc |
| 101-68-8 | 7.0 - 13.0 % | Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI) |
| 64742-46-7 | 3.0 - 7.0 % | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle |
| 26447-40-5 | 3.0 - 7.0 % | Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate |
| 9016-87-9 | 1.0 - 5.0 % | P-MDI |

4. First-Aid Measures

General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. Remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Remove victim to fresh air and away from exposure immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention.

If on skin:

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Under no circumstances should organic solvent be used. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

If swallowed:

Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. If person is conscious and can swallow, give two glasses of water.

Note to physician

Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flash point: > 93.34 °C

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Lower explosion limit: 1.6 %(V)
Upper explosion limit: 10.2 %(V)
Flammability: not highly flammable

Suitable extinguishing media:
foam, water spray, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:
water jet

Hazards during fire-fighting:
carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, harmful vapours, nitrogen oxides, fumes/smoke, carbon black

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:
Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:
The degree of risk is governed by the burning substance and the fire conditions. Contaminated extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with official regulations.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions:
Use personal protective clothing. Do not breathe vapour/aerosol/spray mists. Handle in accordance with good building materials hygiene and safety practice.

Environmental precautions:
Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Cleanup:
For small amounts: Pick up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, earth etc.). Dispose of contaminated material as prescribed.
For large amounts: Pump off product.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

General advice:
Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Ensure thorough ventilation of stores and work areas.

Storage

Storage stability:
Storage temperature: 18 - 24 °C
Protect against moisture.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Components with occupational exposure limits

Distillates (petroleum), OSHA PEL 5 mg/m³ Mist ;

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| | | |
|---------------------|-------|--|
| hydrotreated middle | ACGIH | ; Included in the regulation, but with no data values - See the regulation for further details ; Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible. |
| talc | OSHA | TWA value 5 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction ; TWA value 20 millions of particles per cubic foot of air ; TWA value 2.4 millions of particles per cubic foot of air Respirable ; The value is calculated from a specified equation using a value of 100%. Lower values of % will give higher exposure limits. See regulation for specific equation. TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 Respirable ; The value is calculated from a specified equation using a value of 100%. Lower values of % will give higher exposure limits. See regulation for specific equation. TWA value 0.3 mg/m3 Total dust ; The value is calculated from a specified equation using a value of 100%. Lower values of % will give higher exposure limits. See regulation for specific equation. |
| | ACGIH | TWA value 2 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ; The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica. |

Advice on system design:

Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) respirator as necessary.

Hand protection:

Wear chemical resistant protective gloves., Manufacturer's directions for use should be observed because of great diversity of types.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields.

Body protection:

Impermeable protective clothing

General safety and hygiene measures:

Do not inhale gases/vapours/aerosols. In order to prevent contamination while handling, closed working clothes and working gloves should be used. Handle in accordance with good building materials hygiene and safety practice. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. At the end of the shift the skin should be cleaned and skin-care agents applied. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks).

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Form: | liquid | |
| Odour: | oily, mild | |
| Odour threshold: | No data available. | |
| Colour: | clear | |
| pH value: | | not applicable |
| boiling temperature: | approx. 172.22 - 267.78 °C | |
| Density: | approx. 1.25 g/cm3 | (20 °C) |
| Relative density: | approx. 1.25 | |

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| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Vapour density: | Heavier than air. |
| Solubility in water: | (20 °C) slightly soluble |
| Miscibility with water: | (20 °C) slightly soluble |
| Other Information: | If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section. |

10. Stability and Reactivity

Substances to avoid:

strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous reactions:

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition:

No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:

Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Information on: Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI)

Assessment of acute toxicity:

Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the mucous membranes of the nose, throat or trachea, breathlessness, chest discomfort, difficult breathing and reduced pulmonary function. Inhalation exposure well above the PEL may result additionally in eye irritation, headache, chemical bronchitis, asthma-like findings or pulmonary edema. Isocyanates have also been reported to cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms, the onset of which may be delayed. Gastrointestinal symptoms include nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain.

Information on: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

Assessment of acute toxicity:

Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation.

Information on: Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Assessment of acute toxicity:

Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. Result of analysis for GOAL end points expected (see date)

Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the mucous membranes of the nose, throat or trachea, breathlessness, chest discomfort, difficult breathing and reduced pulmonary function. Inhalation exposure well above the PEL may result additionally in eye irritation, headache, chemical bronchitis, asthma-like findings or pulmonary edema. Isocyanates have also been reported to cause hypersensitivity pneumonitis, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms, the onset of which may be delayed. Gastrointestinal symptoms include nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain.

Irritation / corrosion

Information on: Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI)

Assessment of irritating effects:

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Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

*Information on: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle
Assessment of irritating effects:
May cause slight irritation to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes.*

*Information on: Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
Assessment of irritating effects:
Irritating to eyes and skin.*

*Information on: P-MDI
Assessment of irritating effects:
Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.*

Sensitization

*Information on: Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI)
Assessment of sensitization:
The substance may cause sensitization of the respiratory tract. Sensitization after skin contact possible. Studies in animals suggest that dermal exposure may lead to pulmonary sensitization. However, the relevance of this result for humans is unclear.
As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the PEL/TLV. These symptoms, which include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath, or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage, including a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, or blistering. In those who have developed a skin sensitization, these symptoms can develop as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material, or even as a result of vapour-only exposure.*

*Information on: Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
Assessment of sensitization:
The substance may cause sensitization of the respiratory tract. Sensitization after skin contact possible.*

*Information on: P-MDI
Assessment of sensitization:
The substance may cause sensitization of the respiratory tract. Sensitization after skin contact possible.*

Can sensitize the skin and/or respiratory tract of allergic persons.

Repeated dose toxicity

*Information on: Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI)
Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:
The substance may cause damage to the olfactory epithelium after repeated inhalation. These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure.*

*Information on: Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:
The substance may cause damage to the olfactory epithelium after repeated inhalation. These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure.*

Genetic toxicity

*Information on: Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI)
The substance was mutagenic in various bacterial test systems; however, these results could not be confirmed in tests with mammals.*

Information on: P-MDI

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The substance was mutagenic in various test systems with microorganisms and cell cultures; however, these results could not be confirmed in tests with mammals.

Carcinogenicity

Information on: Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate (MDI)

A carcinogenic potential cannot be excluded after prolonged exposure to severely irritating concentrations.

These effects are not relevant to humans at occupational levels of exposure.

Information on: P-MDI

Based on the ingredients there is a suspicion of a carcinogenic effect in humans. IARC Group 3 (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity).

Experiences in humans:

Information on: P-MDI

Can severely irritate the eyes and respiratory tract depending upon the concentration.

Other Information:

Based on our experience and the information available, no adverse health effects are expected if handled as recommended with suitable precautions for designated uses. The product has not been tested. The statements on toxicology have been derived from the properties of the individual components.

12. Ecological Information

Aquatic toxicity

Information on: TDI

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Acutely harmful for aquatic organisms. The product may hydrolyse. The test result maybe partially due to degradation products. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations.

Other adverse effects:

Do not release untreated into natural waters. Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water channels. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Observe national and local legal requirements. Residues should be disposed of in the same manner as the substance/product.

Container disposal:

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible; then it can be passed on for recycling after being thoroughly cleaned.

14. Transport Information

Land transport

TDG

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Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Sea transport IMDG

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

Air transport IATA/ICAO

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical DSL, CA released / listed

WHMIS classification: D2A: Materials Causing Other Toxic Effects - Very toxic material



D2B: Materials Causing Other Toxic Effects - Toxic material



THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HAZARD CRITERIA OF THE CPR AND THE MSDS CONTAINS ALL THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE CPR.

16. Other Information

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

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MSDS Prepared on: 2013/01/11

END OF DATA SHEET